

under the heading of "Partly or wholly finished manufactures, including pipes," of zinc and its alloys. The Decree provided, however, that the prohibition was not to apply to—

Machines, mechanical contrivances and vehicles [Category XII A and B of the Tariff], or to—

Clocks and watches, instruments and apparatus [Category XII A and B of the Tariff],

in so far as these articles were not already covered by the prohibitions of export.

GREECE.

August 9, 1915.

NOTES.

1. The transit through Greece of articles of which the exportation from Greece is prohibited is forbidden.

2. Exceptions to the general prohibitions of export noted below are allowed in special cases.

3. A law of the 27th February, 1915 (O.S.), authorised the Minister of Finance to prohibit the export, re-export, transit, or transshipment of articles which may be considered as contraband of war, absolute or conditional. His Majesty's Minister at Athens reports that this prohibition has been brought into force by Ministerial Order, and that it applies to everything which appears on the contraband list of any belligerent.

4. By a Ministerial Decision of the 24th April—(7th May) 1915, *all dressed (worked) and half-worked, articles produced from or composed of raw materials of which the exportation and transit are prohibited, are themselves prohibited to be exported, etc.*

Alloys of metals of which the exportation is prohibited.

Animals (except swine); slaughtered animals (raw meat).

Arms, viz.:—Rifles, carbines, bayonets, and cartridges of the following system:—Mannlicher-Schonauer, Bulgarian Mannlicher, Turkish, Mauser, Gras, Martini, Martini-Mausser; revolvers and cartridges of the 1875 and 1893 patterns, Bayard, Colt; sabres of artillery drivers and cavalry.

Articles, dressed (worked) and half-worked, produced from or composed of raw materials of which the exportation and transit are prohibited (see Note 4 above).

Beer.

Benzine (motor spirit).

Boots, military.

Butter.

Cartridge cases in general for small arms and artillery.

Cartridges (see under Arms).

Cereals.

Cheese.

Chrome ore.

Coal (except bunker coal).

Cod, salt.

Coffee.

Colours and colouring materials.

"Conserves;" preserved foods.

Contraband of war, absolute or conditional (see Note 3 above).

Copper ore.

Cotton and its derivatives.

Drugs.

Ferrochrome.

Field glasses.

Flour (except flour derived from wheat delivered for that purpose before the publication of the Decree of the 20th July, 1914).

Foods, preserved; "conserves."

Forage of all kinds.

Gold bullion in bars or sheets, etc.

Harness (articles of) for artillery and cavalry.
 Hides, undressed, of cattle, buffaloes, and horses, and skins of calves, pigs, sheep, goats, and deer; also such hides and skins, dressed, suitable for making saddlery, harness, or military boots.
 Instruments, surgical.
 Jute sacks.
 Leather (see under hides).
 Lubricating oils (mineral).
 Magnesite, raw and calcined.
 Meat, raw (slaughtered animals).
 Oils—see under Benzine, Petroleum, Lubricating oils, Olive oil.*
 Olives; olive oil.*
 Ores—of chrome, of copper, of tin.
 Petrol (benzine) (motor spirit).
 Petroleum.†
 Potatoes.
 Preserved foods; "conserves."
 Pulse in general.
 Revolvers (see Arms).
 Rice.
 Rifles (see Arms).
 Salts (see Arms).
 Sacks (jute).
 Skins (see under Hides).
 Soda.
 Sugar.
 Sulphate of copper.
 Sulphur of all kinds.
 Surgical instruments.
 Telephone apparatus.
 Tin and tin ores, tin chloride.
 Wool.
 Woollen yarns. (Tariff No. 175.)

ROUMANIA.

August 24, 1915.

NOTES.

The transport of military stores through Roumania is prohibited, and since the 5th-18th November, 1914, the transit through Roumania of goods of which the exportation is prohibited is permitted only under special authorisation of the Ministry of Finance, each case being decided on its merits. The transit of articles which are the subject of State monopolies is also prohibited, but no restriction is imposed on the transit of postal parcels.

Exceptions to prohibitions of export can be obtained in special cases, such cases being decided on their merits.

Accessories for motors, cycles, motor cycles and motor lorries (tyres and the like); accessories for aeroplanes (see under Aeroplanes).
 Acids—sulphuric acid, and all other acids.
 Aeroplanes and accessories, including propellers and motors, etc., and all materials used for waterproofing wings.
 Ammonia, and salts of ammonia.
 Animals—draught animals of all kinds (horses, oxen, etc.).
 Antimony.
 Ashwood.
 Bandaging materials of all descriptions, such as cotton wool, gauze, etc.
 Barrels (oak).
 Bicycles and motor cycles; accessories therefor (see Accessories).
 Boots, shoes, etc., (footwear).
 Bristles (pigs') and horsehair.
 Cables, telegraphic.

* The exportation of olive oil and its products (such as soap) from Crete is permitted.

† Petroleum is a Government monopoly, and there is no trade in it.